



Expects from Sentinel-2 for, wide and small, temperate and tropical, wetlands monitoring based on 2013 and 2015 Take-Five experiment

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ICube – SERTIT

04-2016



Assessment of the potential and expected contributions of Sentinel-2 data, for detecting and monitoring wetlands and inland water bodies and related applications

Two study sites:

1. European temperate continental wetlands: flood plain wetlands which fall-winter inundation control the ecosystem quality
2. Sub tropical Asian wetlands , dry/wet season

Exploiting:

- Core set; Take Five data set
- Landsat 8
- Sentinel2 imagery

Take Five Experiment

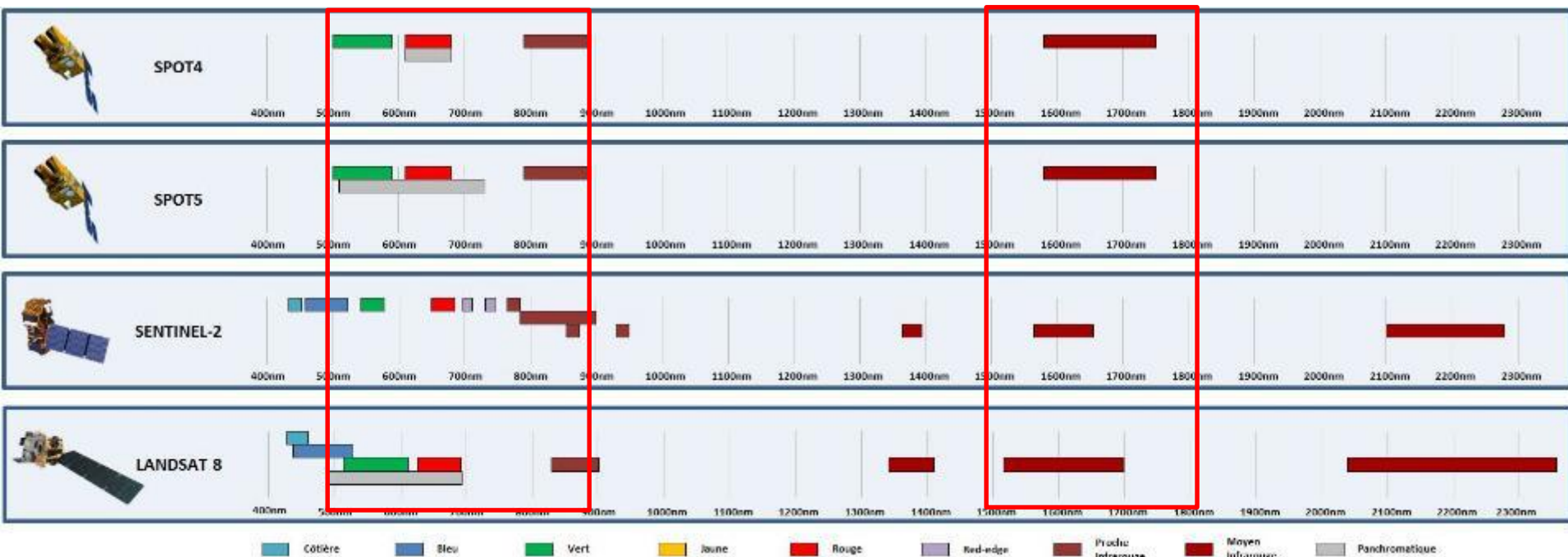
- The SPOT (Take5) experiments consist in using SPOT as a simulator of the image time series that ESA's Sentinel-2 mission will provide.
- Experiment proposed by CESBIO, operated by CNES It received support from ESA, NASA, JRC and CCRS .
- SPOT4 (Take5) February to June 2013 over 45 sites with the SPOT4 satellite.
- SPOT5 (Take5) April to September 2015 over 150 sites with the SPOT5 satellite.
- Data processed by Cesbio (2013) and Theia Land Data Center (2015) :
 - Level 1C (data orthorectified reflectance at the top of the atmosphere)
 - Level 2A (Data ortho-rectified surface reflectance after atmospheric correction, along with a mask of clouds and their shadows, as well as a mask of water and snow).
- Worldly accessible: <https://spot-take5.org/client/#/home>



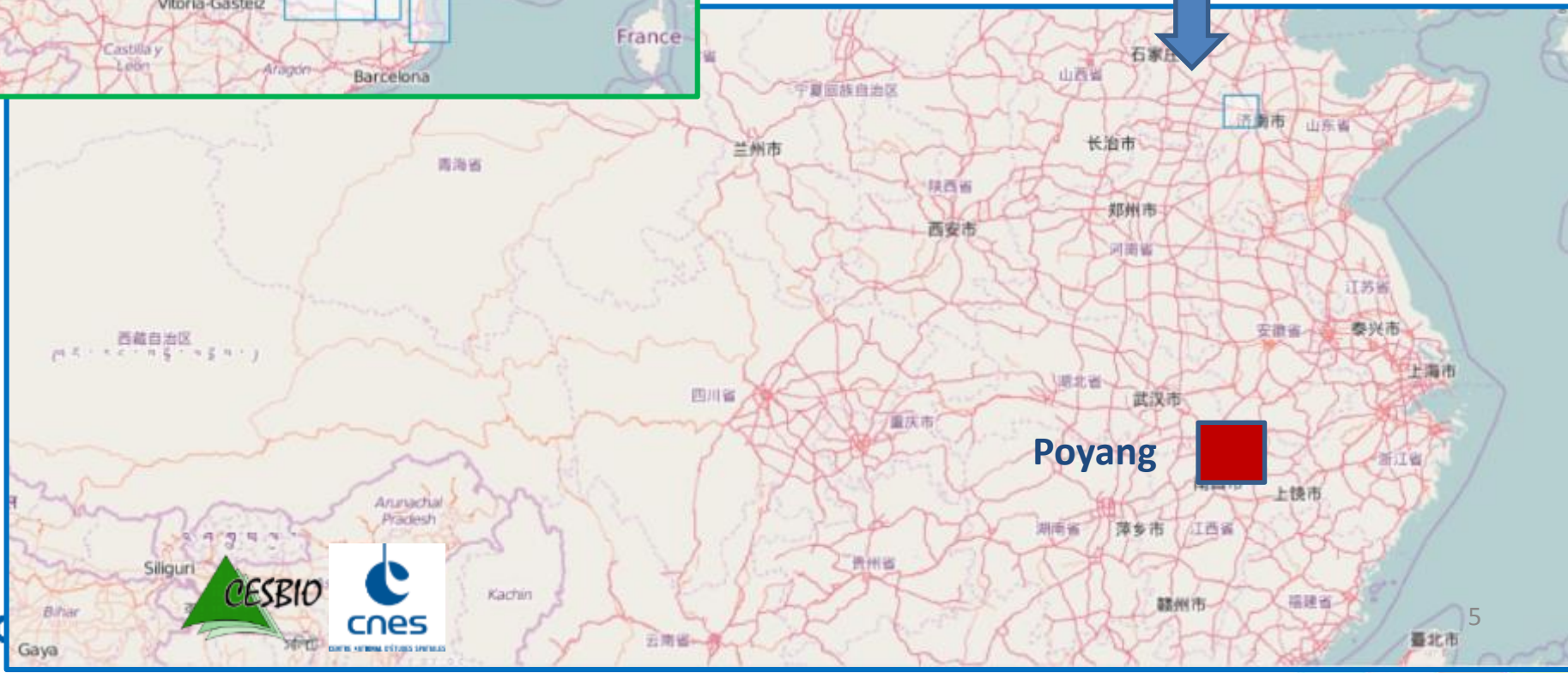
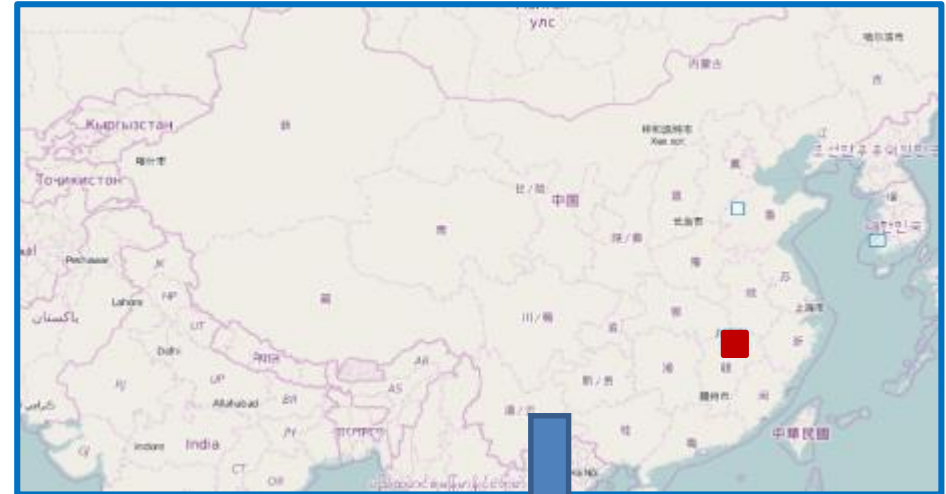
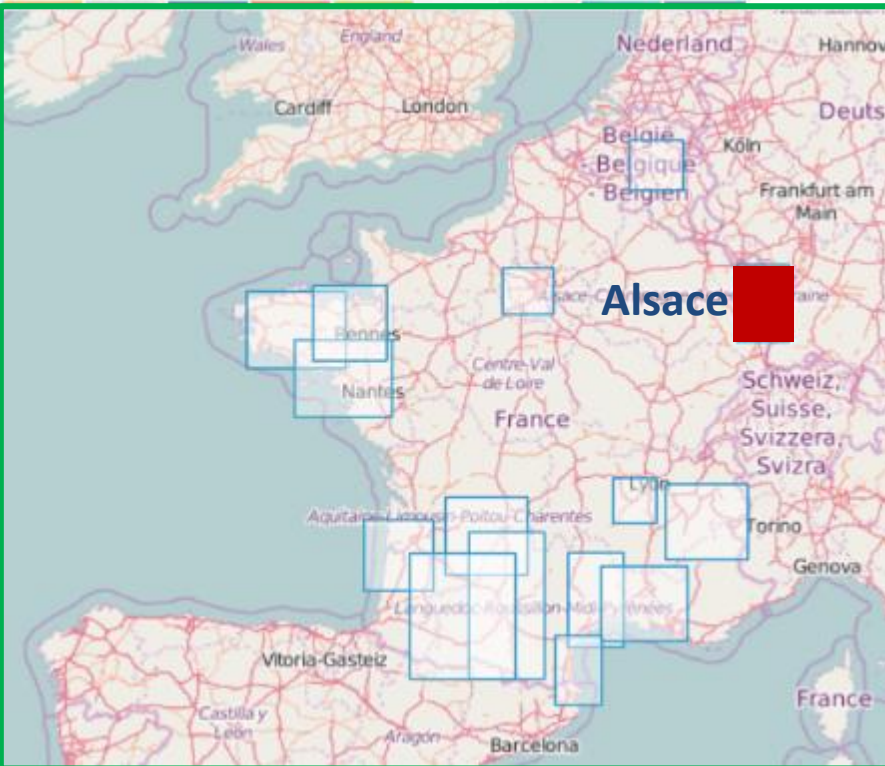
Take Five Experiment

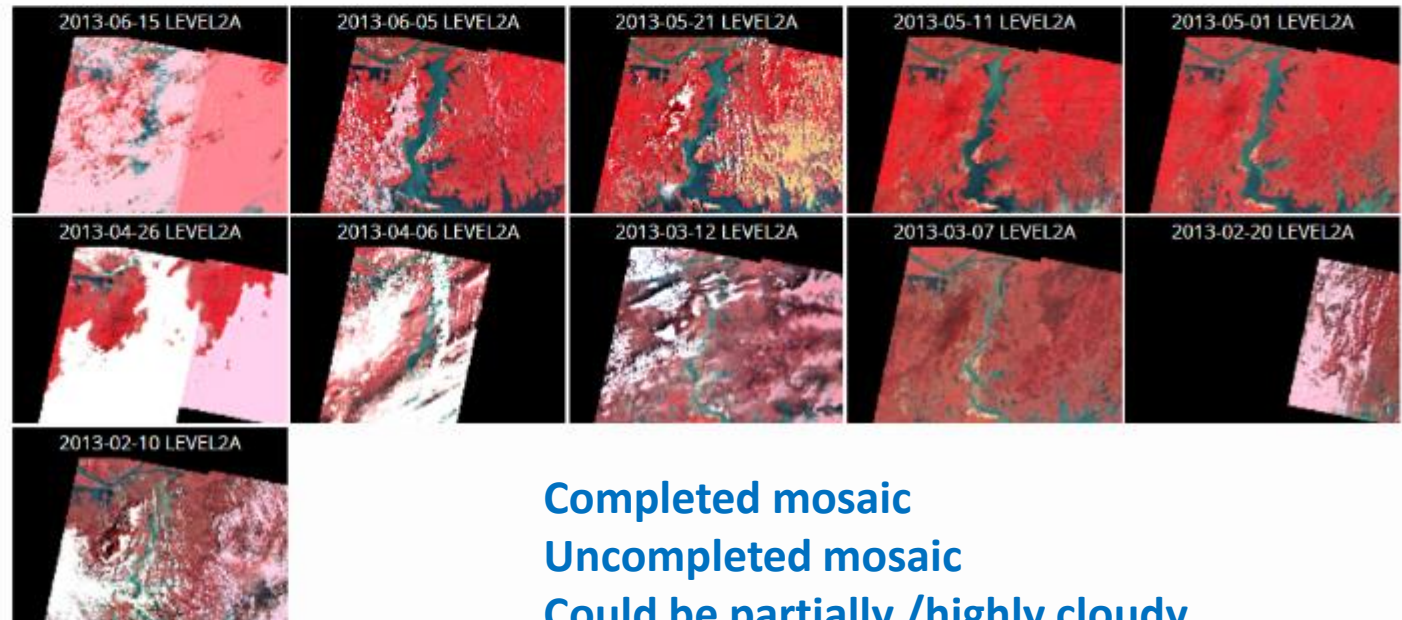
The SPOT (Take5) experiments : simulator of the image time series that ESA's Sentinel-2 mission in terms of

- revisit, ie 5 days,
- resolution 20m (2013) and 10 m (2015)
- Spectral contains, VIR, NIR and SWIR bands



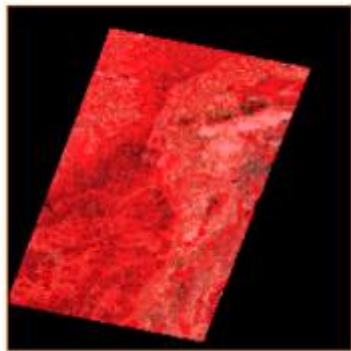
Take Five SPOT4: 2013



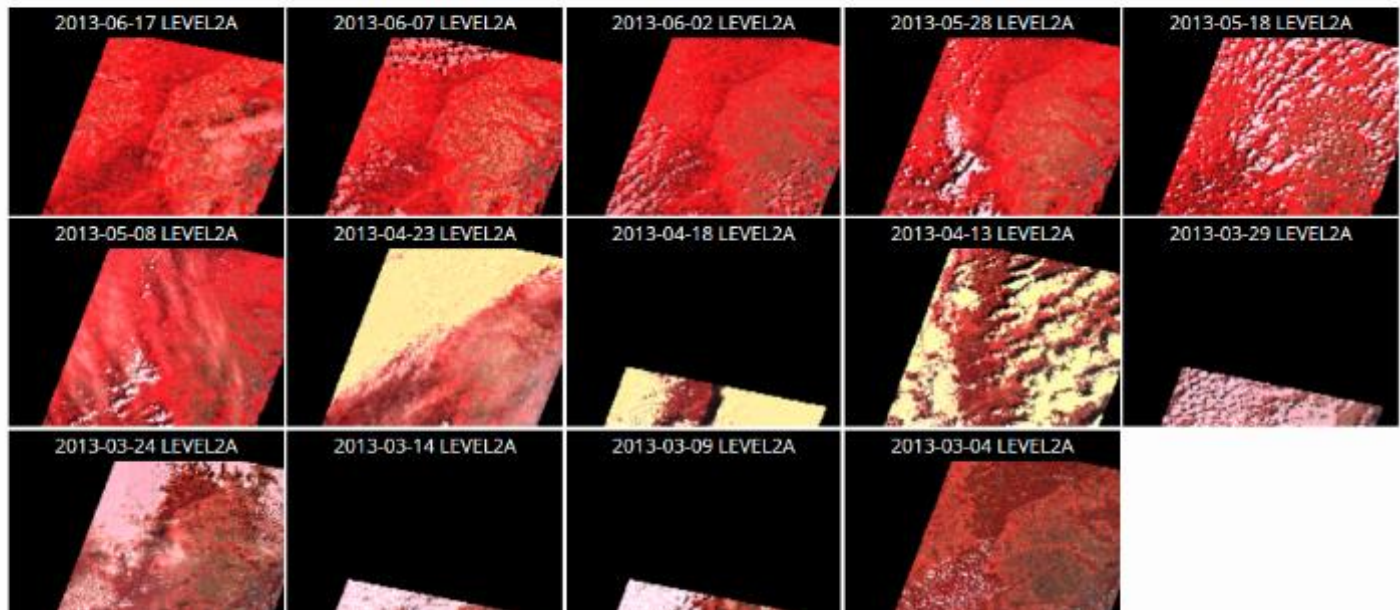


Completed mosaic
Uncompleted mosaic
Could be partially /highly cloudy

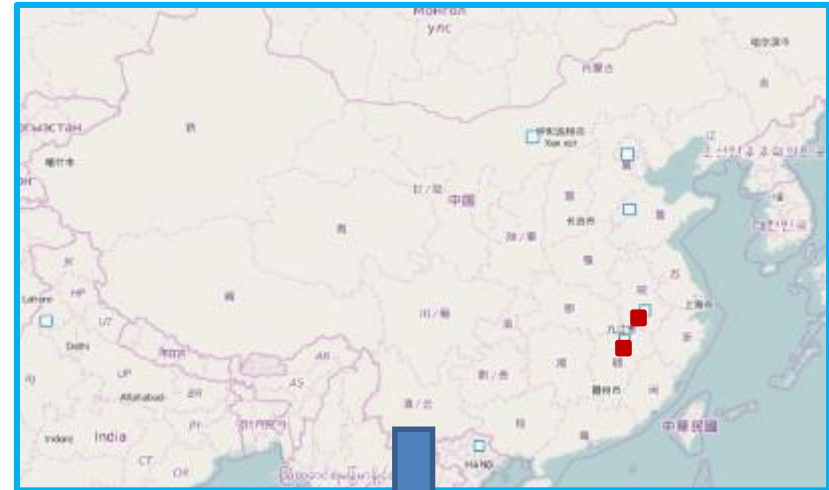
Take Five SPOT4: 2013



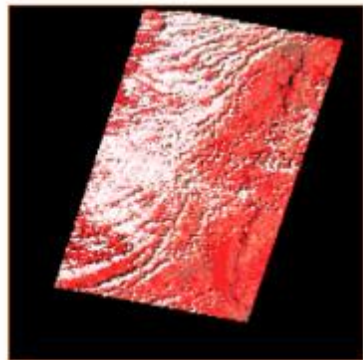
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processingLevel : LEVEL2A
platform : SPOT4
Instrument : HRVIR1
resolution : 20
sensorMode : XS



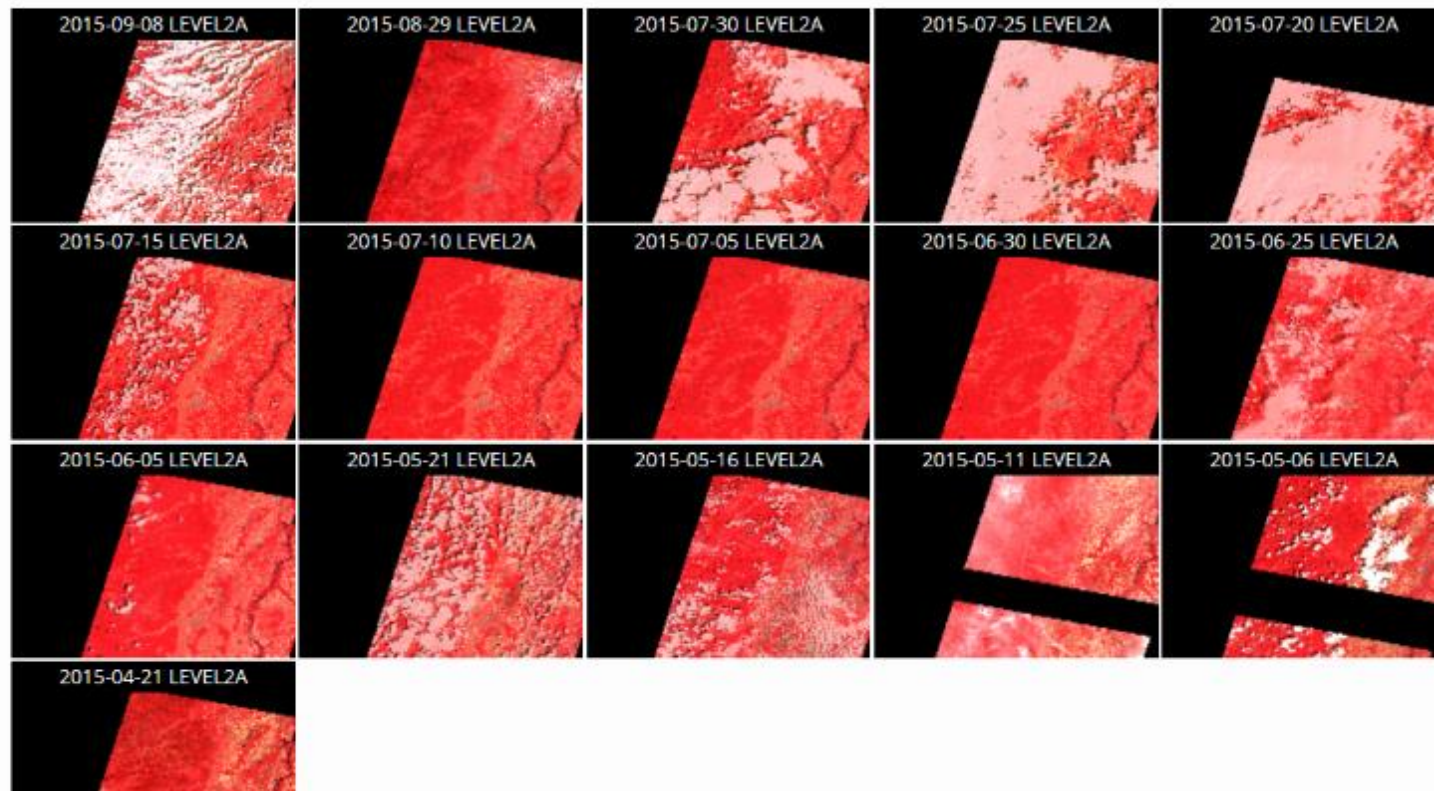
Take Five SPOT5: 2015

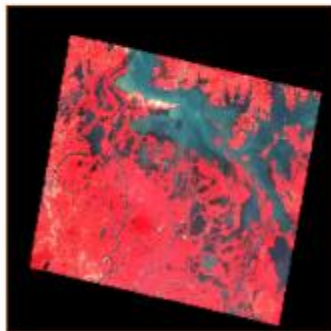
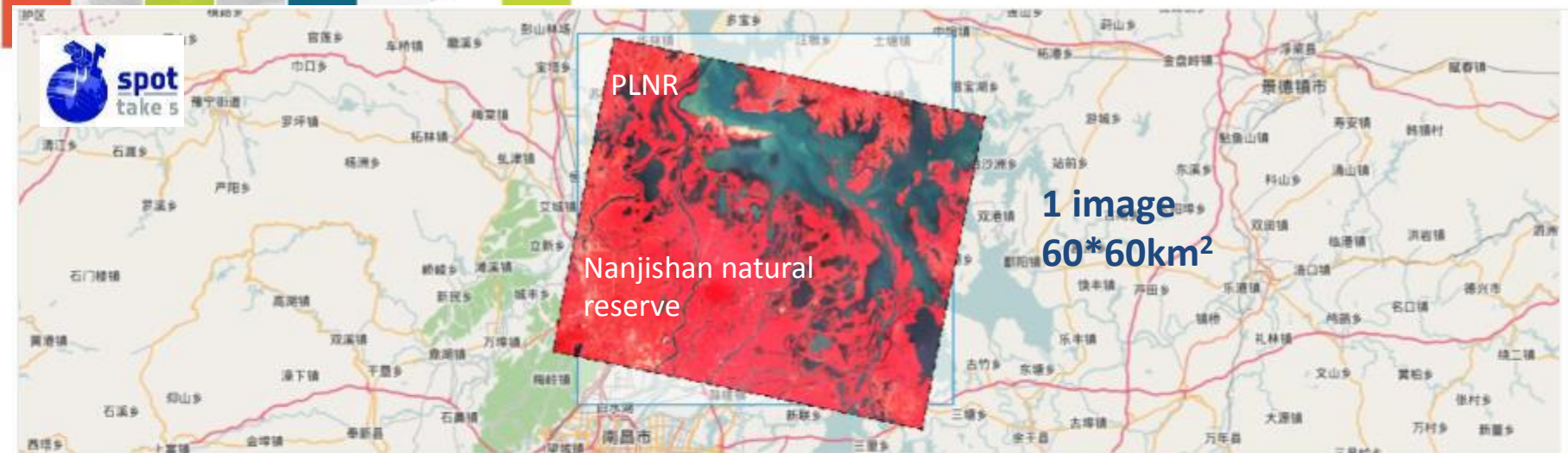


Take Five SPOT5: 2015

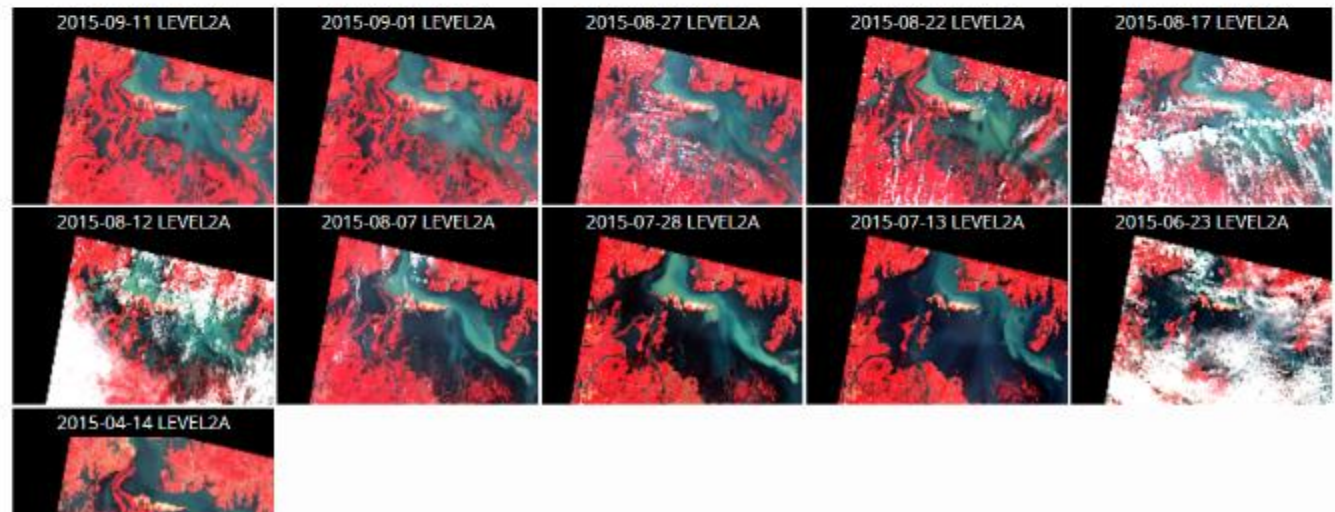


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platform : SPOT5
instrument : HRG1
resolution : 10
sensorMode : XS

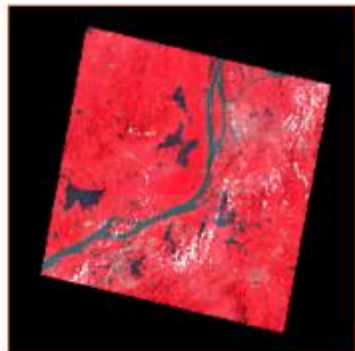
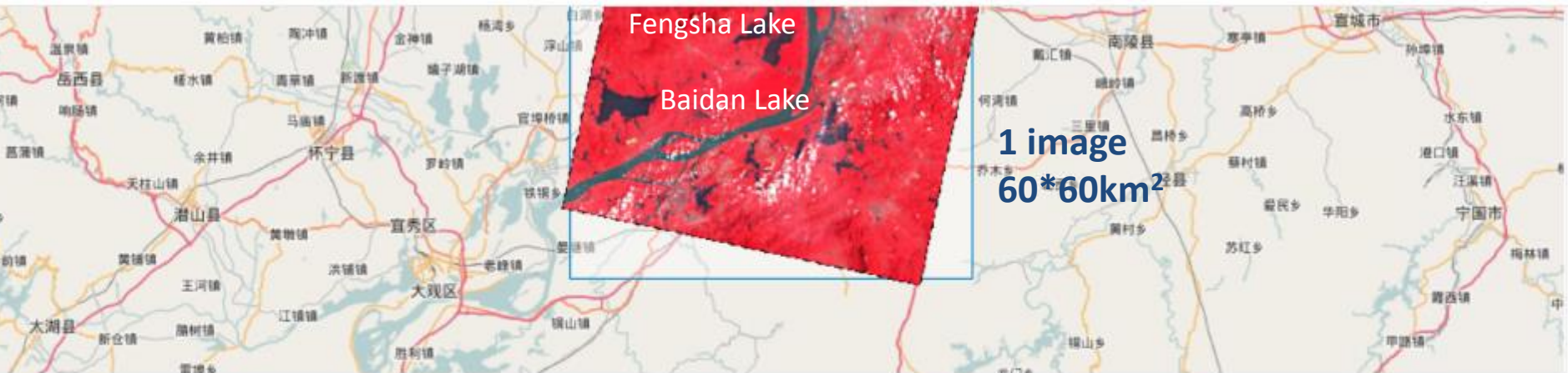




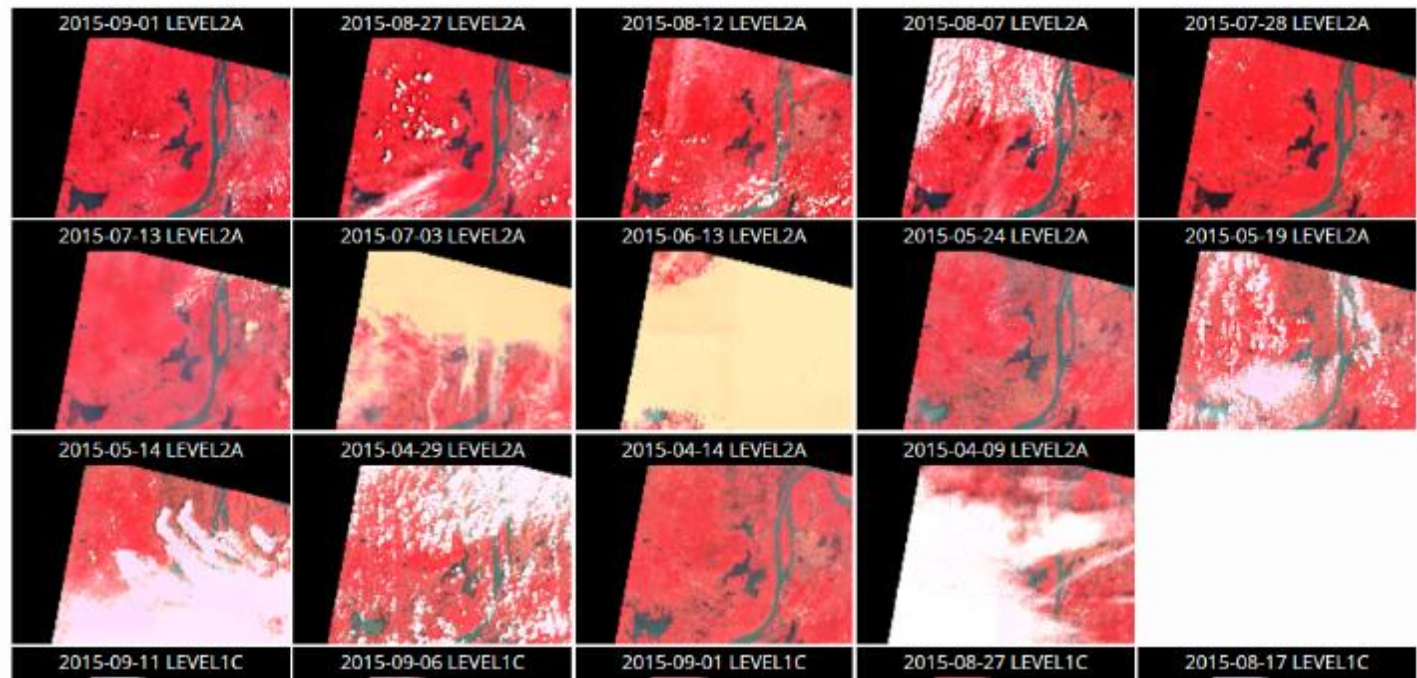
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 productType : REFLECTANCE
 processingLevel : LEVEL2A
 platform : SPOT5
 instrument : HRG2



Take Five SPOT5: 2013



date : 2015-09-01T01:27:20Z
 productType : REFLECTANCE
 processingLevel : LEVEL2A
 platform : SPOT5
 instrument : HRG2
 resolution : 10
 sensorMode : XS



First gained experience: rate of success

Take Five		Alsace	Poyang	Tonglin
		48°23'	29°10'	30°48'
2013	02 to 06	43%	28%	
2015	04 to 09	25%	30%	36%

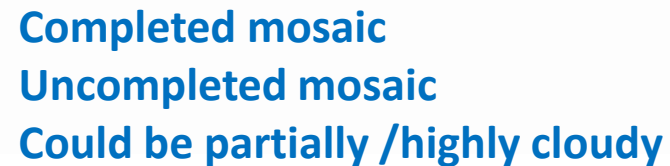
Data lost,
cloudy images
versus
exploitable
image

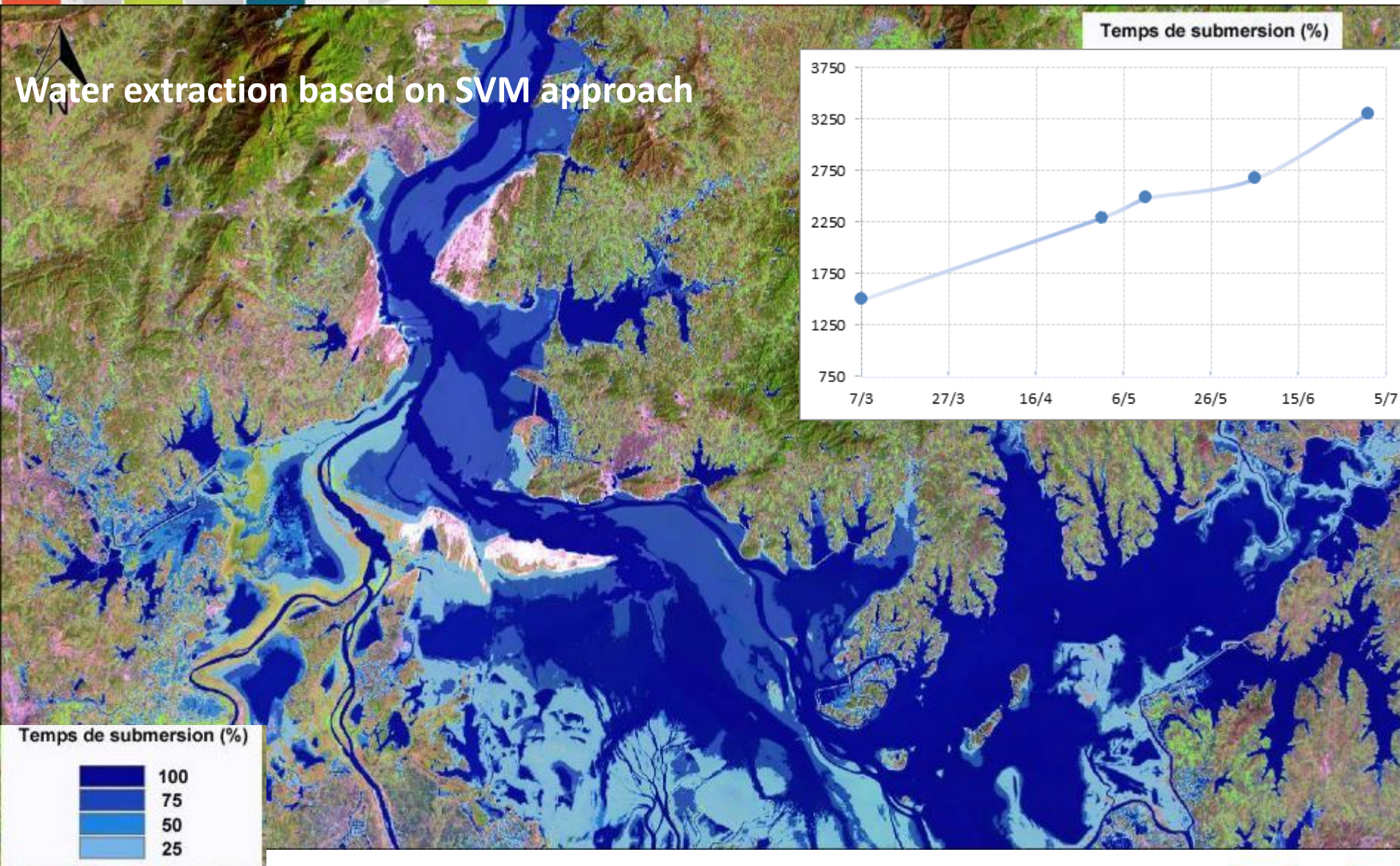
Sentinel2	Alsace		Poyang		Tonglin	
Period: 0,5 months	2015-11-30 to 2016-04-18		2015-12-01 to 2016-04-20		2015-11-29 to 2016-04-20	
Accessible images on ESA Hub & exploitable ones	33	4	22	2	21	3
	12 %		9 %		14%	

Hopefully some images acquired before the ramp up phase:

- Alsace: S2 acquired in August 2015-08-12
- Poyang: S2, nice time series , 13 September, 03, 20 & 23 October 2015
(Thanks Bianca Hoersh and Kris Lemmens)







Submersion time based on the T5 time series: input for
Water resource monitoring, biodiversity assessment, epidemiology



2015 10 20

On going work now with Sentinel2 images

2016 02 07

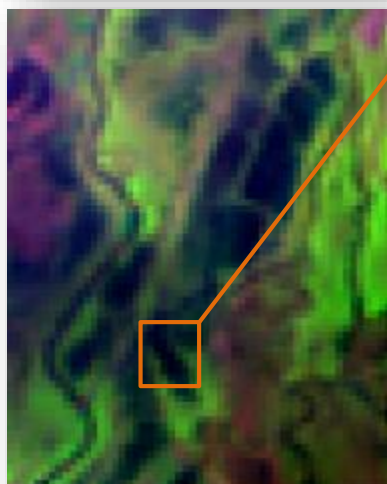


2016 03 28



Ground truth observation

Field SURVEY , synchronous with SPOT4 acquisition



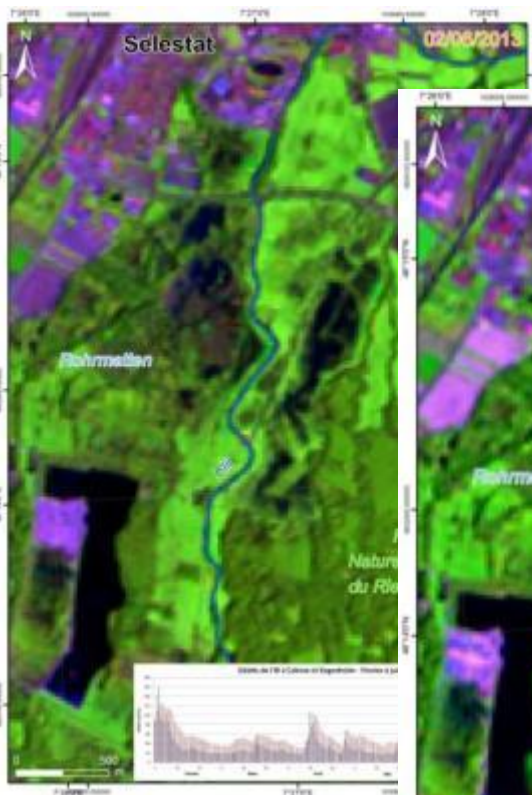
Living Planet 2016, Prague

GPS track

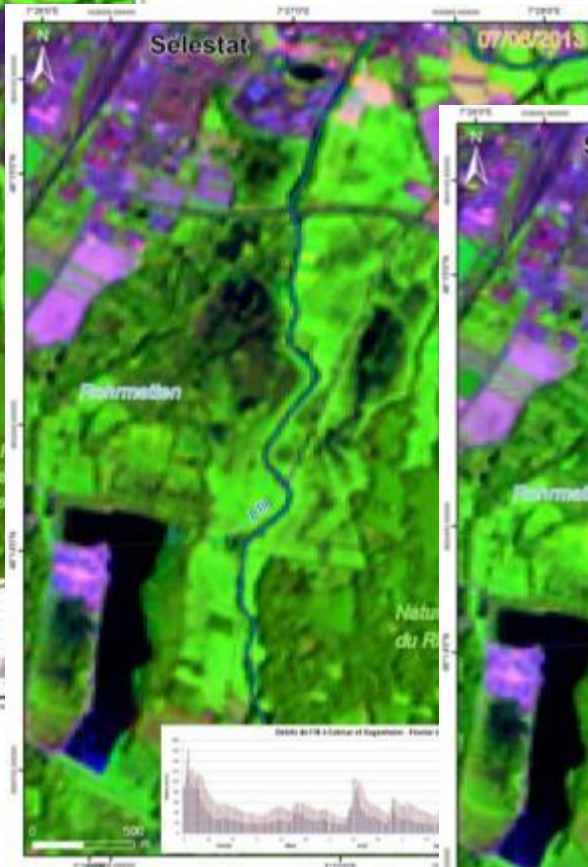


TAKE5 SPOT4 exploitation

Relation between flooded areas observed and flow measured along the Ill river (area less than 25 km²)



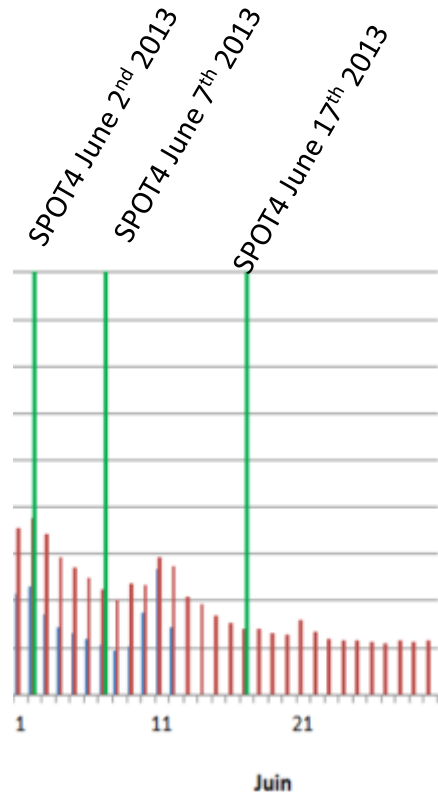
SPOT4 June 2nd 2013



SPOT4 June 7th 2013

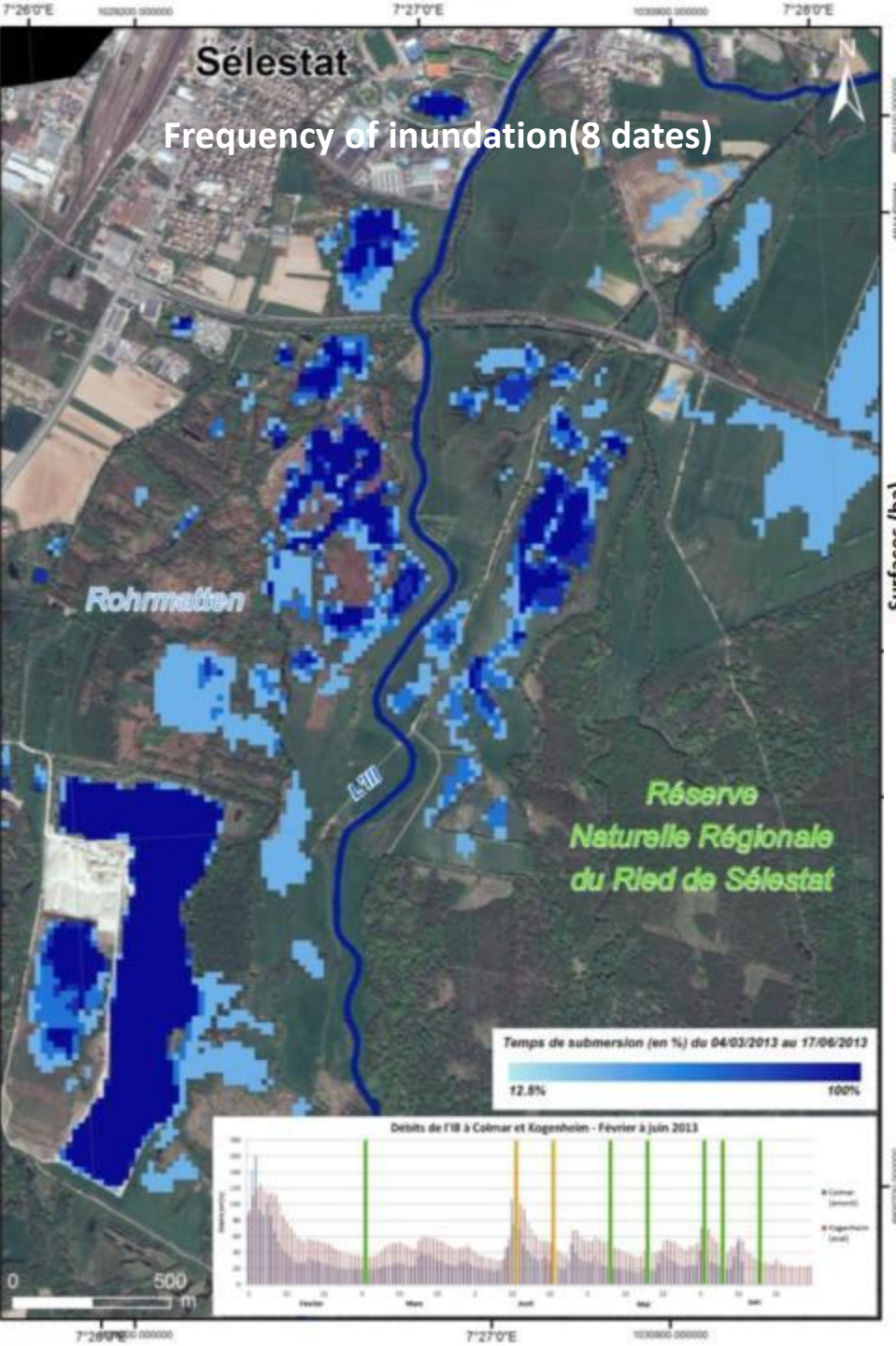


SPOT4 June 17th 2013
Prague

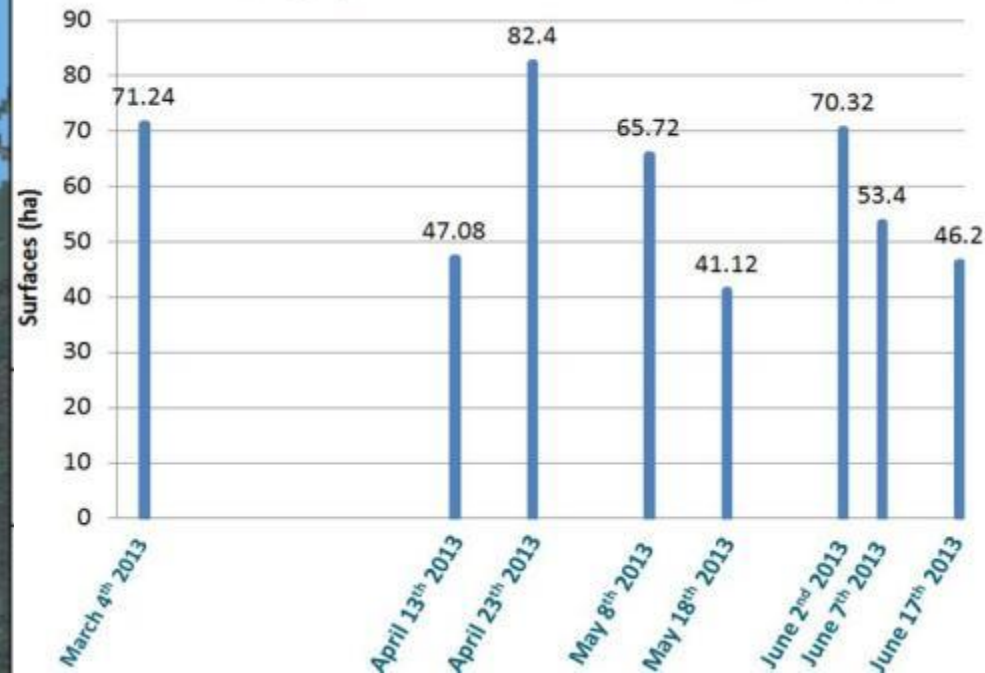


Visible decrease of water surface in 15 days

TAKE5 SPOT4 exploitation



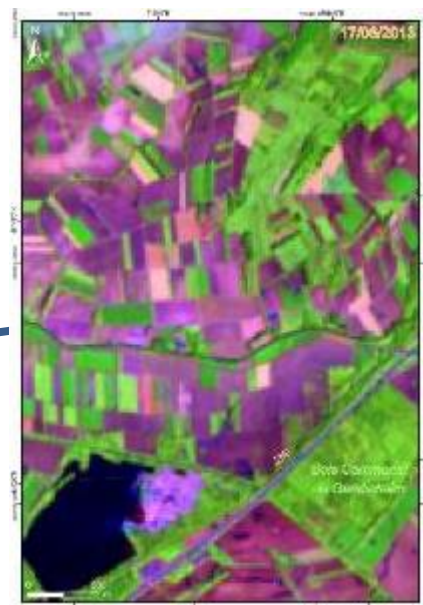
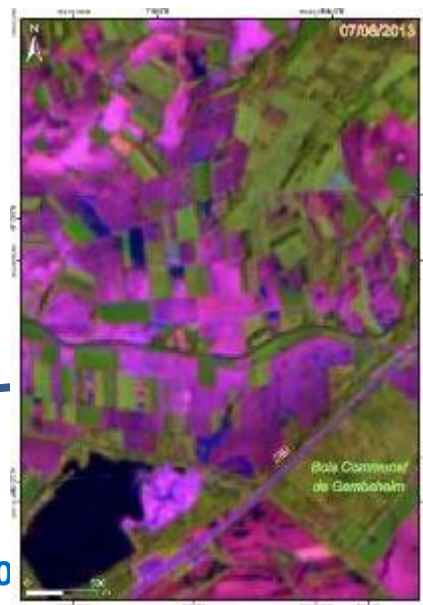
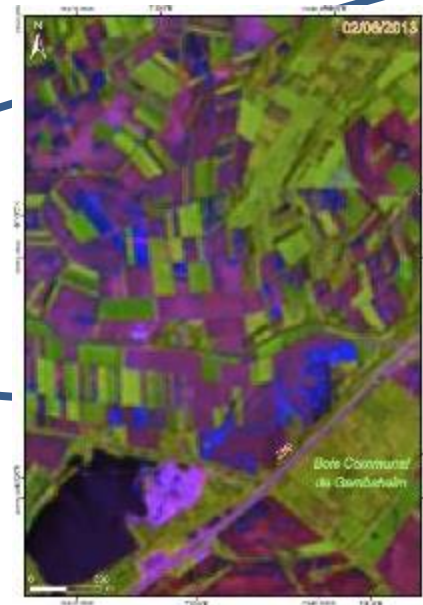
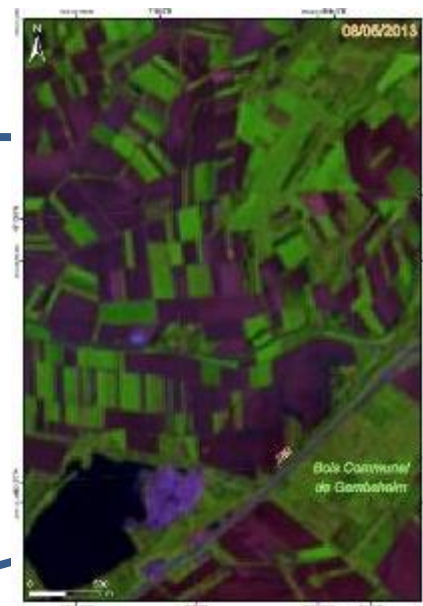
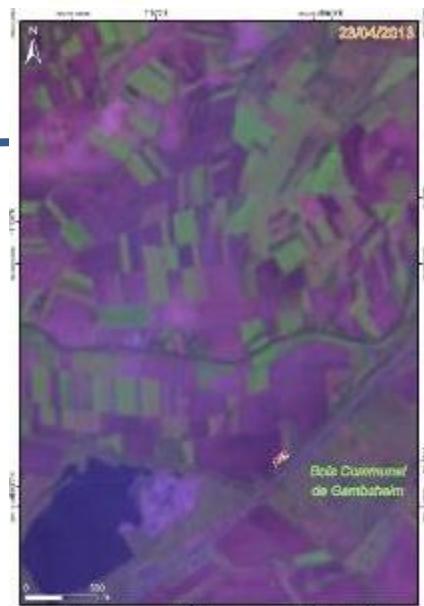
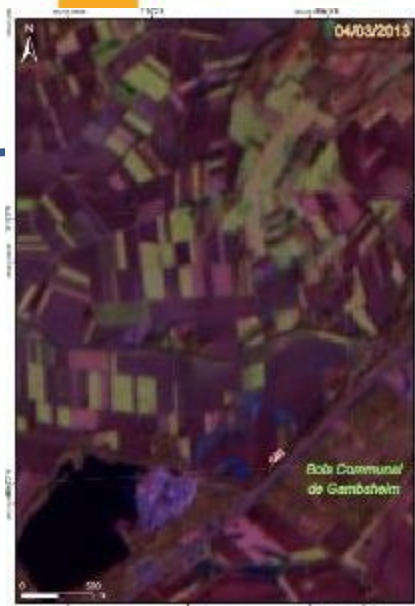
Surfaces (ha) of water bodies extracted on SPOT4



Possibility to follow very small wetlands complex presenting in fact an unexpected/unknown dynamic.



Flooded crops lands, northern Strasbourg





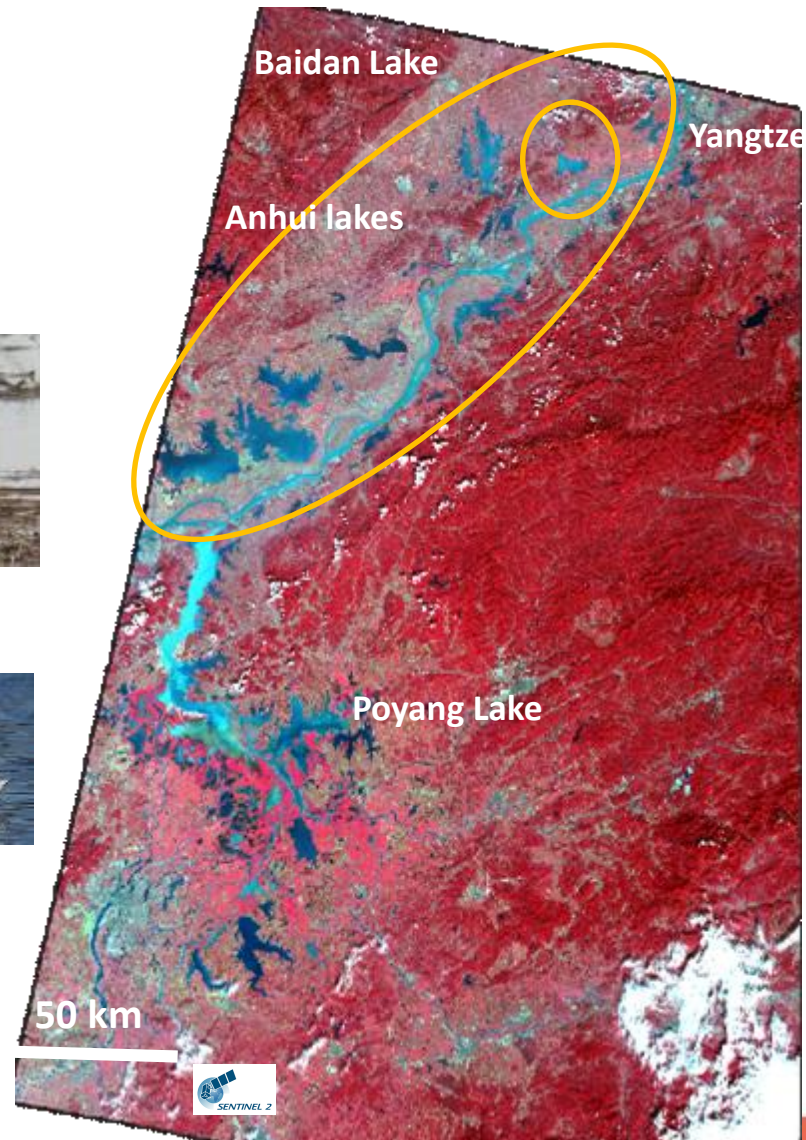
Monitoring aquatic vegetation of small lakes Anhui Province China: Baidan Lake case

Context:

Aquatic vegetation, generally existing in the shallow near-shore area, is a key component of lake ecosystems.

Providing food, shelter and breeding habitats for aquatic animals like invertebrates, fish and wading birds,

=>helps maintain the balance of the lake ecosystem.



Monitoring aquatic vegetation of small lakes Anhui Province China: Baidan Lake case

Aquatic vegetation, benefits

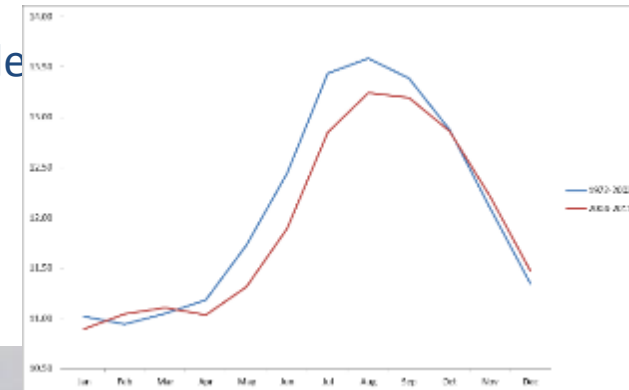
Therefore just like other lakes along the Yangtze River, Anhui Lakes are threatened.

- Hydrological changes; more control, less water available
- Habitat loss
- Eutrophication
- Aquaculture development

Dynamic detection (Using RS tech)

Area changes:

- Water extent, water height
- Vegetation succession & dynamic
- Species identification, biomass
- ...





Exploited data set : 12-2014 to 02_2016

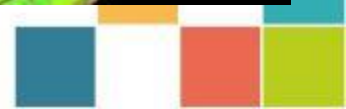
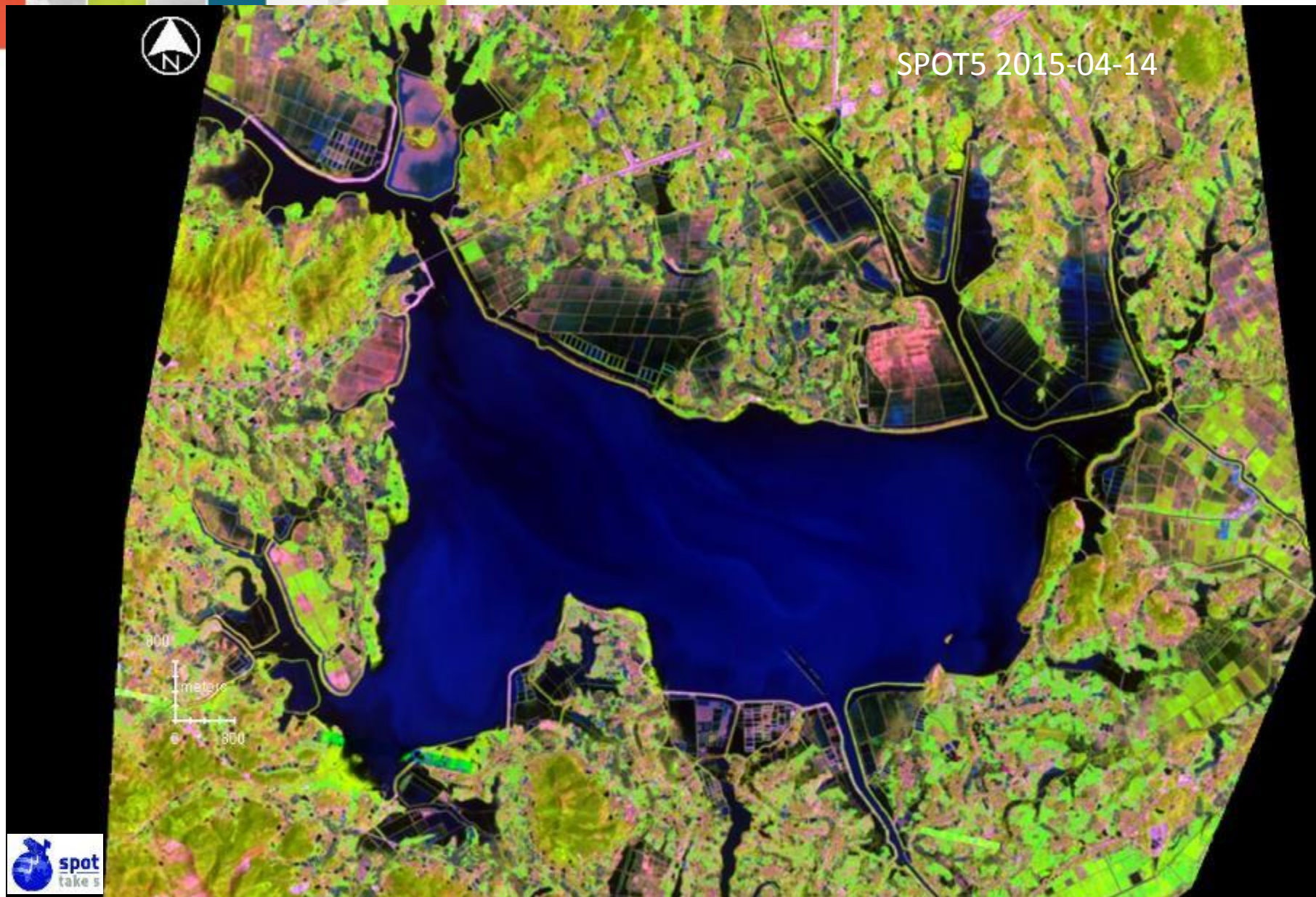
	SPOT5	LANDSAT-8	SENTINEL-2
Decembre 2014		30	
Janvier 2015			
Février		13	
Mars		01	
Avril	14, 29		
Mai	24		
Juin		05	
Juillet	13, 28		
Août	07, 12		
Septembre	01	09	
Octobre		11	20
Novembre			
Décembre 2015		30	
Fevrier 2016			07

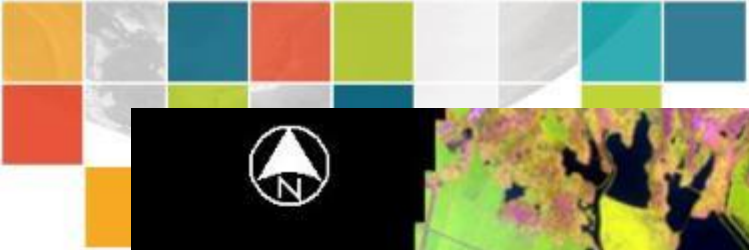
$$\text{NDVI} = (\text{Red}-\text{NIR})/(\text{RED} + \text{NIR})$$

$$\text{NDWI} = (\text{V}-\text{NIR})/(\text{V}+\text{NIR})$$

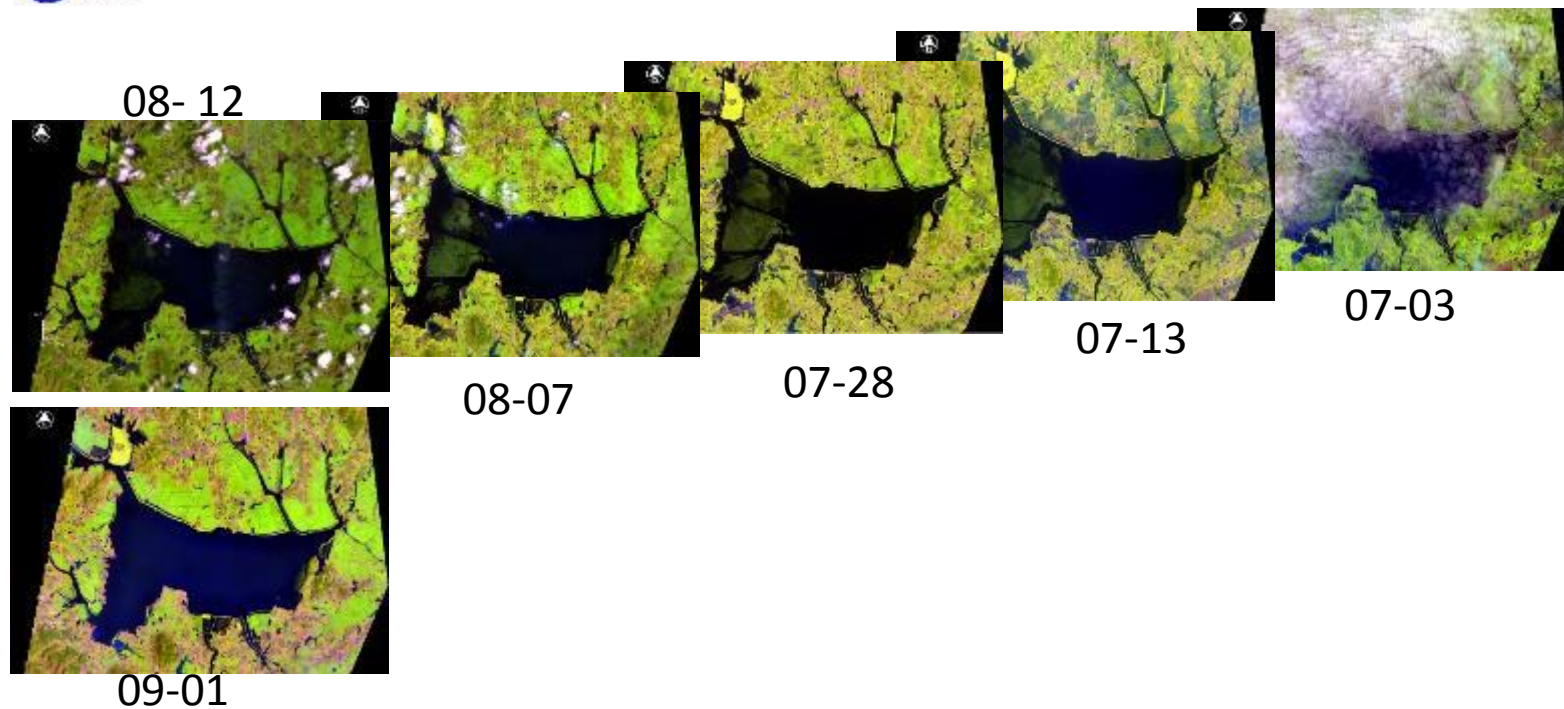
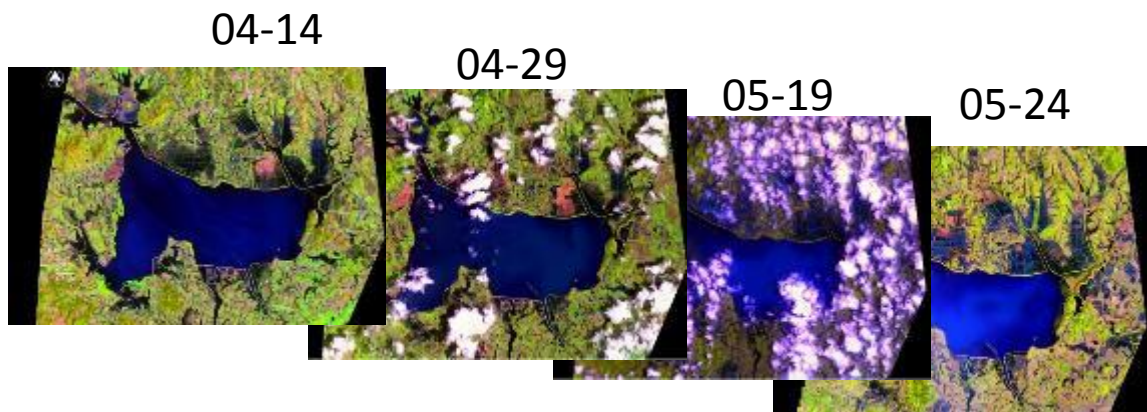
$$\text{MNDWI} = (\text{V}-\text{SWIR})/(\text{V}+\text{SWIR})$$





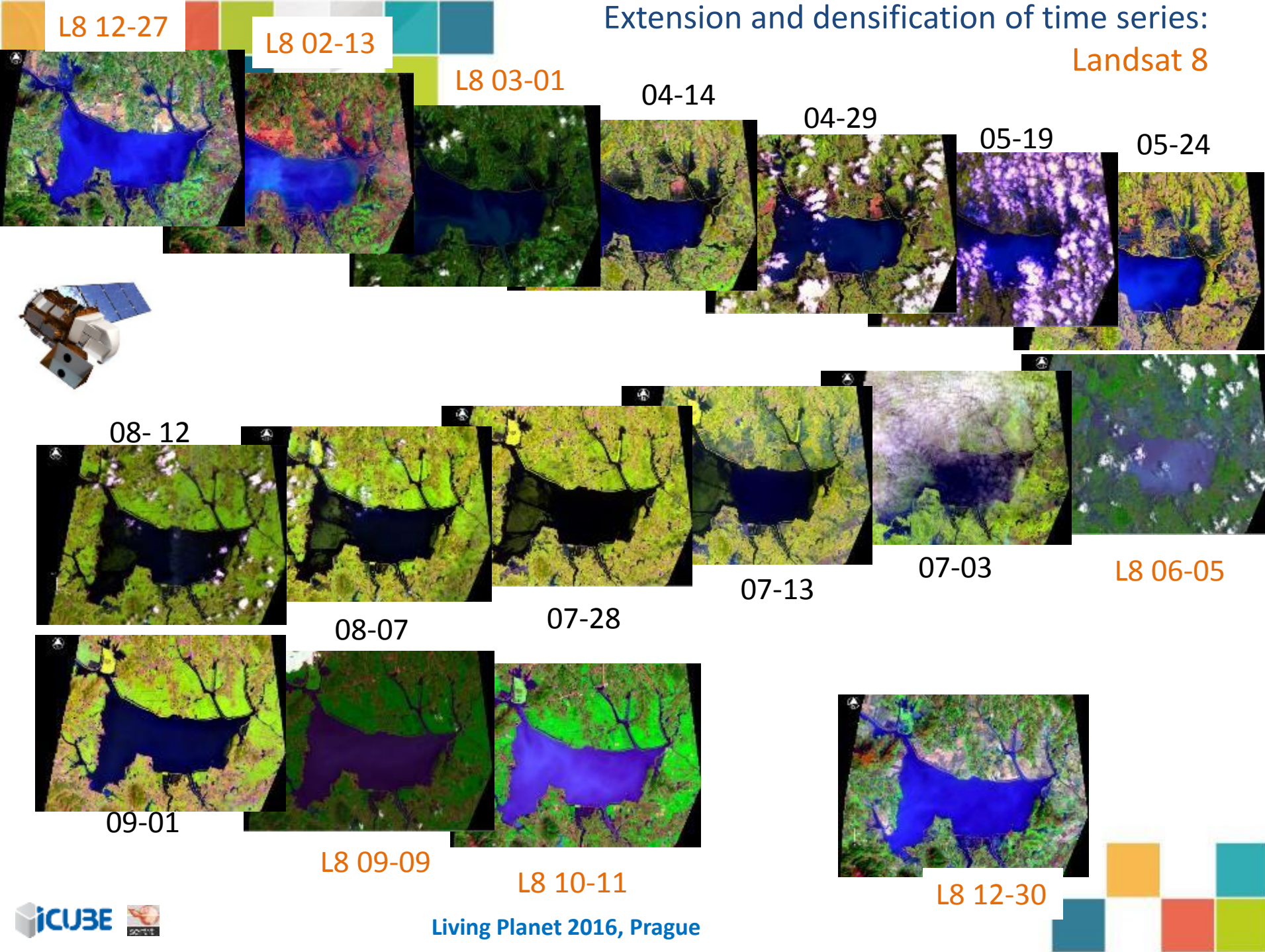


Extension and densification of time series



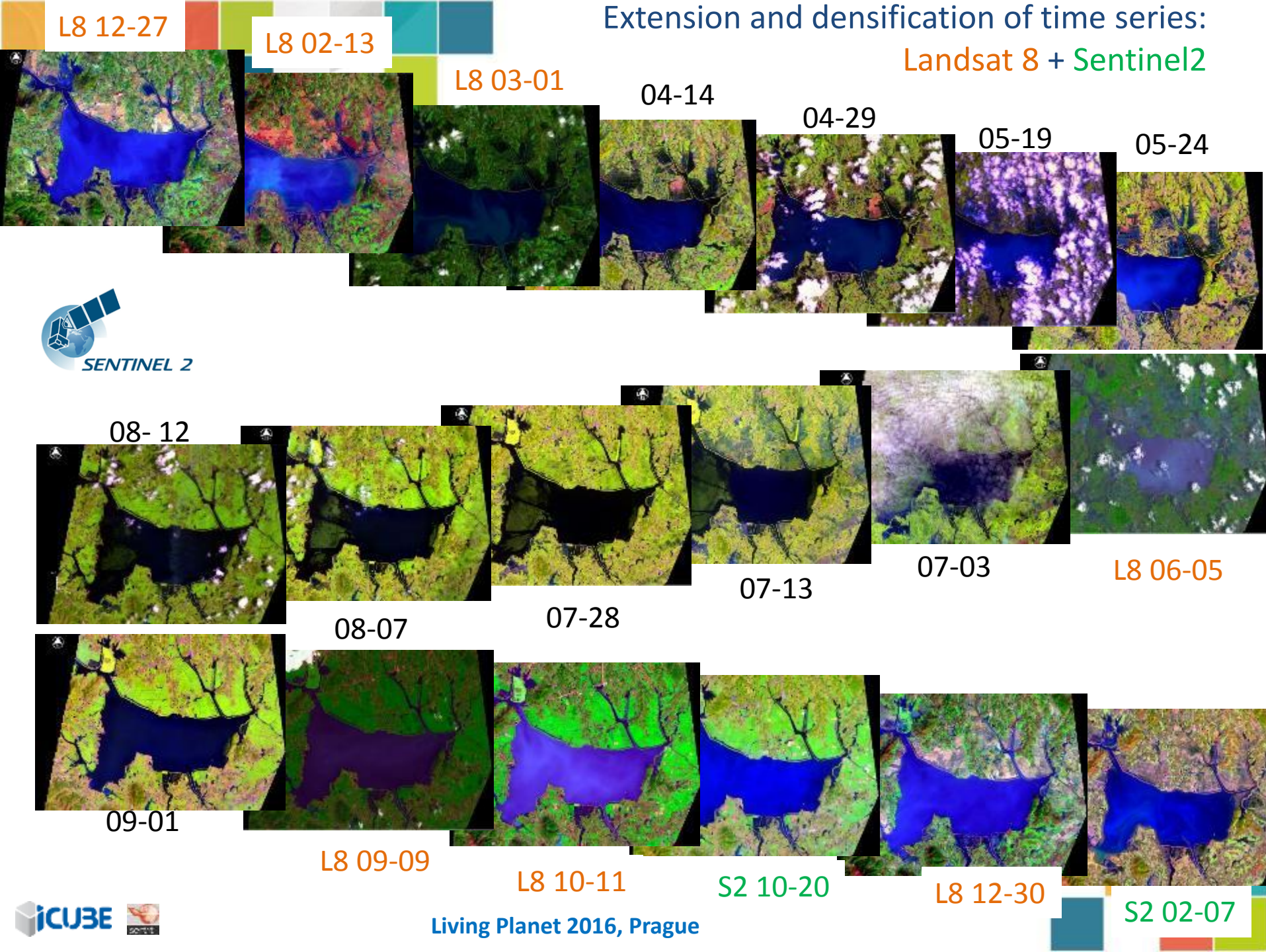
Extension and densification of time series:

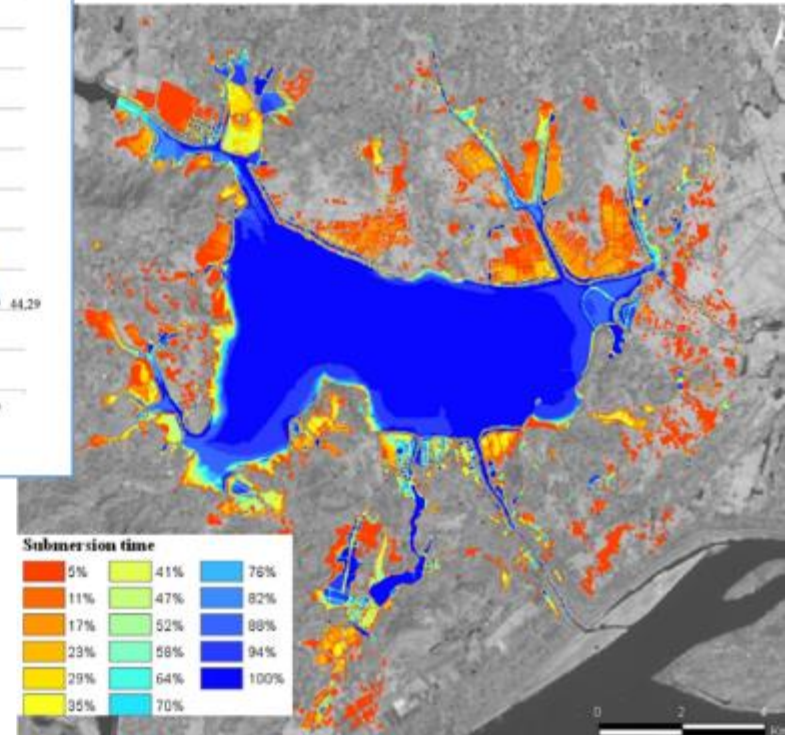
Landsat 8



Extension and densification of time series:

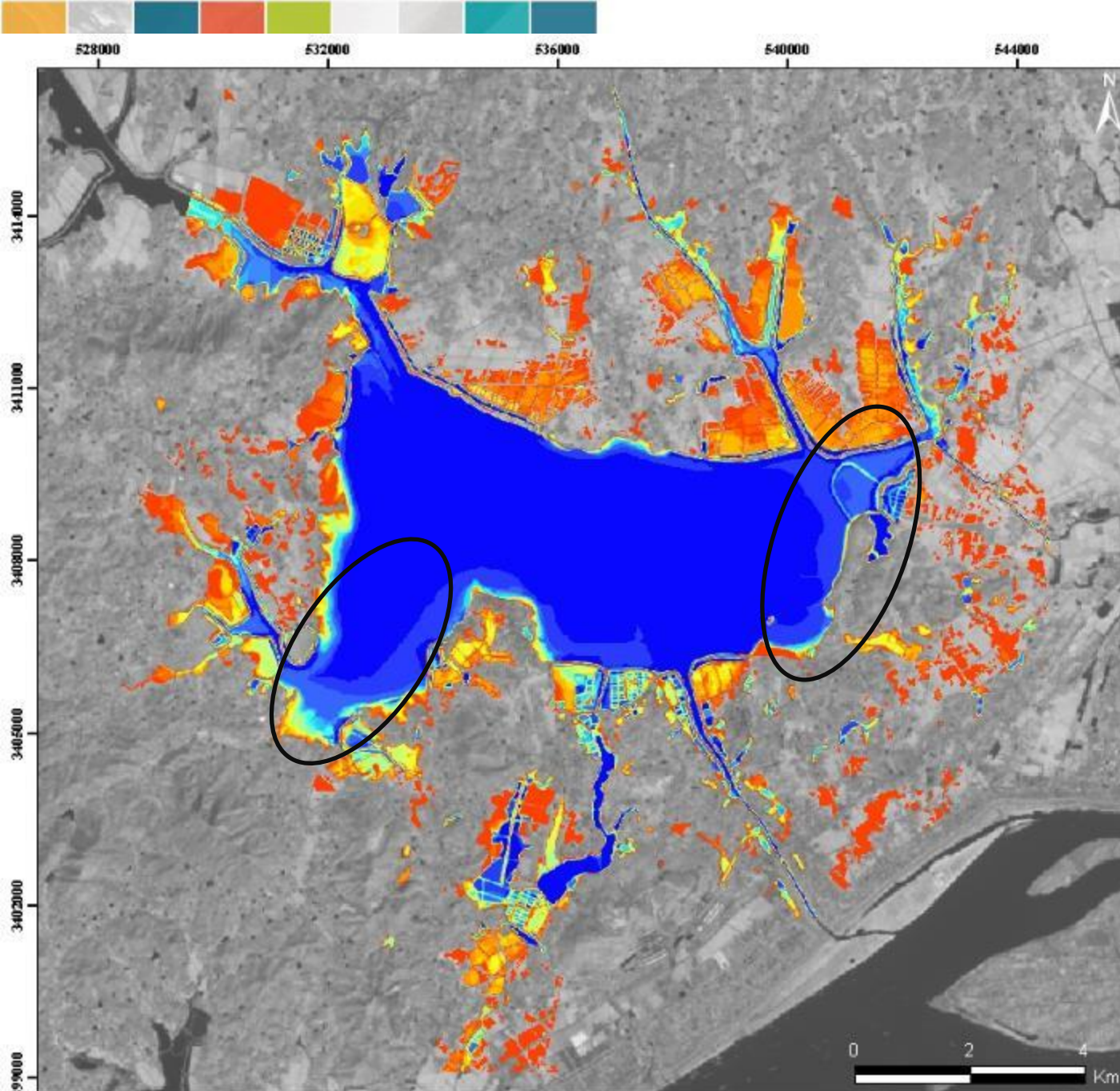
Landsat 8 + Sentinel2





Water surface change are mostly linked with agricultural practices outside the Baidan lake limits

South-West and North-Eastern parts of the lake, present water of few hundred meters



Baidang Lake Anhui Province, P.R. China

Near yearly submersion time
Observation from Dec 2014 to Feb 2016



Submersion time

5%	41%	76%
11%	47%	82%
17%	52%	88%
23%	58%	94%
29%	64%	100%
35%	70%	

Local projection: UTM Zone 50 North
Datum: WGS 84

Date sources:
SPOT5 acquired the 14/04/2015, 29/04/2015, 24/04/2015, 13/07/2015, 28/07/2015, 07/08/2015, 12/08/2015, 01/09/2015 © CNES 2015 - distribution Astrium Services / Spot Image, SA, France, all right reserved.
Landsat-8 acquired the 27/12/2014, 13/02/2015, 01/03/2015, 05/06/2015, 09/09/2015, 11/10/2015, 30/12/2015 © U.S. Geological Survey
Sentinel-2A acquired the 20/10/2015, 07/02/2016, provided by the European Space Agency.

Map produced the 30th March 2016 by SERTIT
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Emergent macrophytes

Real rafts or moving islands



Zizania latifolia and *Polygonum*



Floating and submerged vegetation



Trappa maximowiczii



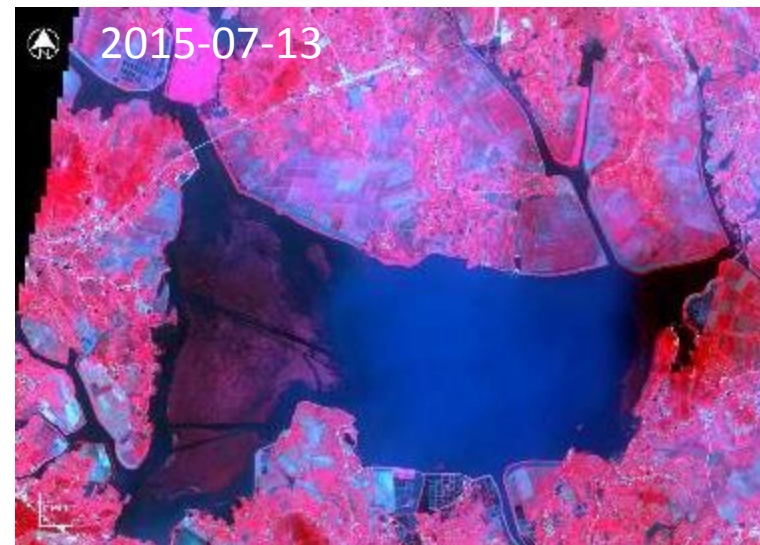
Vallisneria spinulosa



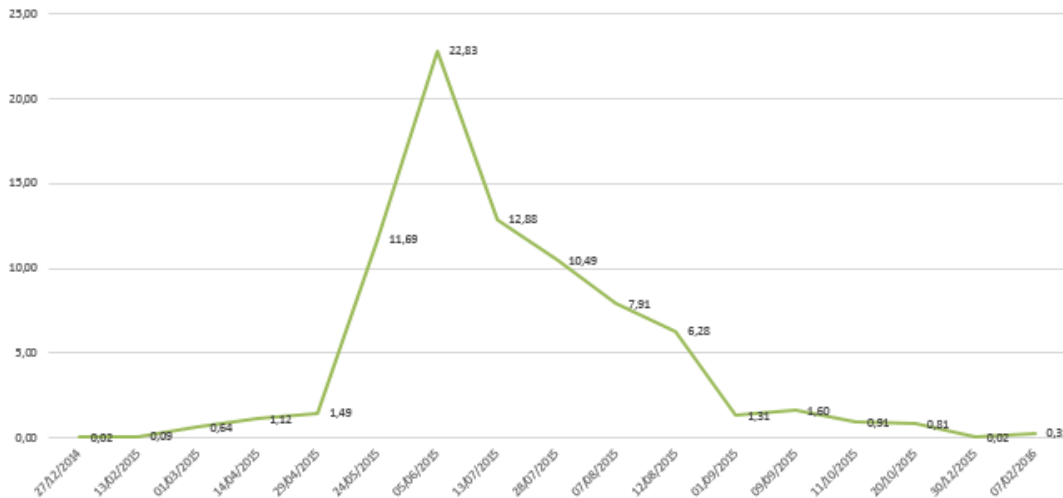
July 2012

Acquatic vegetation monitoring

NDVI exploitation



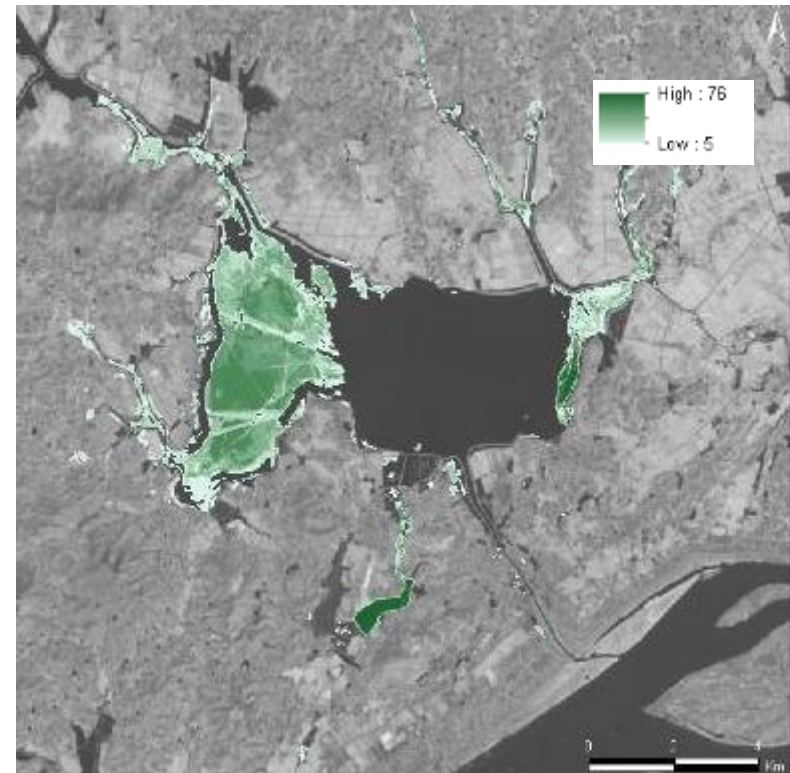
Living Planet 2016, Prague

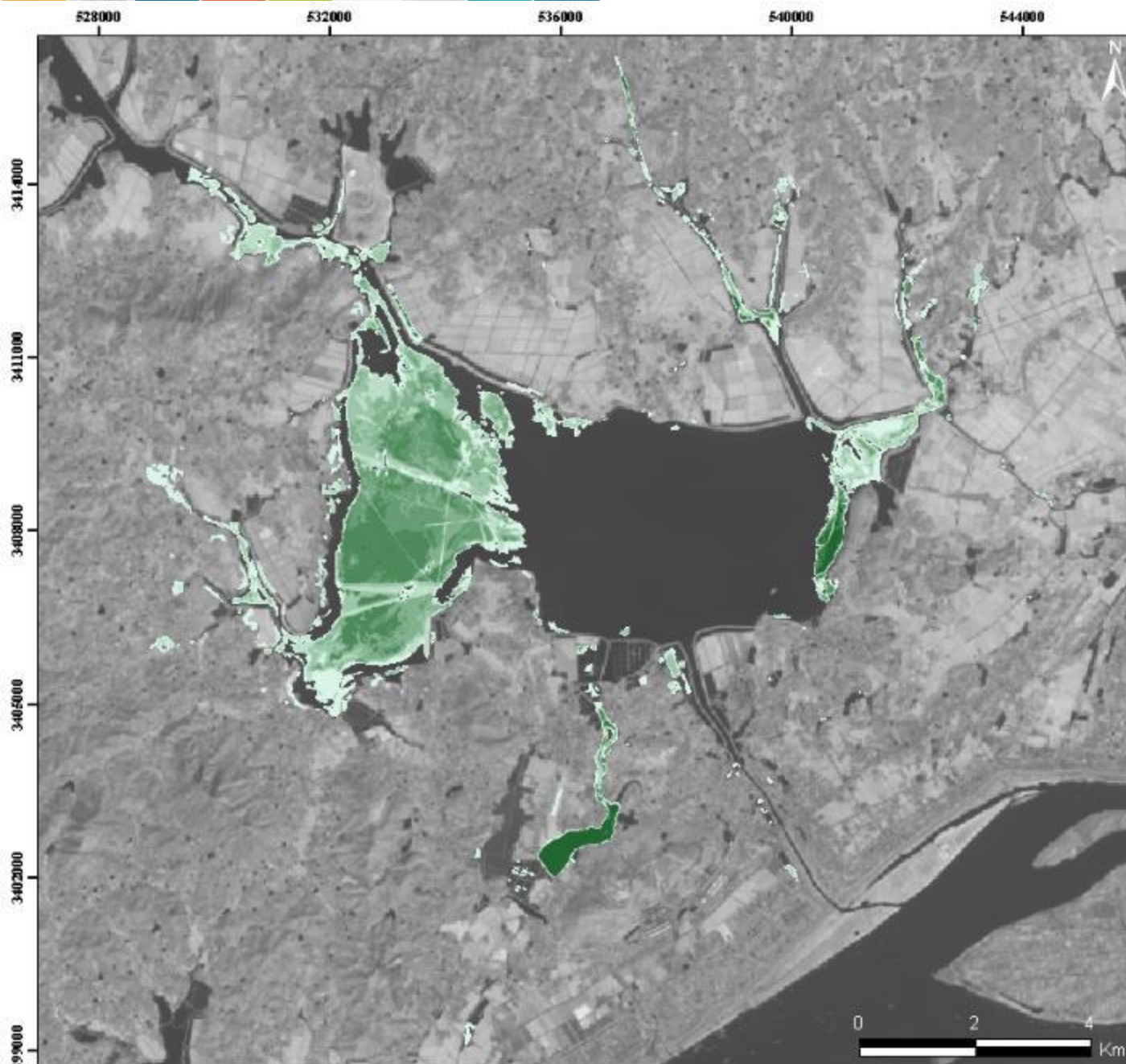


Very rapid onset of aquatic vegetation between the end of April (29 with 1,12 km²) and end of May (24 with 11,7 km²)

A peak on the 5 of June (22 km² ie near 50% of water surface)
=> correlated with the spring warm up

West part of the lake mostly affected and a lesser level the Eastern part





Baidang Lake Anhui Province, P.R. China

Near yearly submersion time
Observation from Dec 2014 to Feb 2016



**Submersion time
Legend**
masque_mean_veg.img



Local projection: UTM Zone 50 North
Datum: WGS 84

Data sources:
SPOT5 acquired the 14/04/2015, 29/04/2015, 24/04/2015, 13/07/2015, 28/07/2015, 07/08/2015, 12/08/2015, 01/09/2015 © CNES - 2015 - distribution Astrium Services / Spot Image, SA, France, all right reserved.
Landsat-8 acquired the 27/12/2014, 13/02/2015, 01/03/2015, 05/06/2015, 09/09/2015, 11/10/2015, 30/12/2015 © U.S. Geological Survey
Sentinel-2A acquired the 20/10/2015, 07/02/2016, provided by the European Space Agency.

Map produced the 13th April 2016 by SERTIT
© SERTIT 2016



Take Five 5, 2013 & 2015: Great opportunity for Sentinel 2 simulation

Completed with Landsat 8 and possibility to join the series with real Sentinel2!!

Despite a relative small rate of exploitable images due to latitude location

- ⇒ Interest not only for large complex hydro system but also to small ones
- ⇒ Key factor the HR² (High Resolution and High Revisit) of Sentinel-2-like

Thematically speaking:

- ⇒ relative small hydrological systems of 2 to 10 ha, highlighting the important variability (25% to 35% in 5 to 10 days up and down; 87.5% of variation in 3 months)
- ⇒ to characterize the invasive floating vegetation (Trappa, Zizania sp) over a year thought the growing season, but also on monitoring the macrophyte physiological status and its temporal dynamics.
- ⇒ Sentinel2 is powerful tool for wetlands monitoring
- ⇒ Future steps: exploit the Red Edge bands for macrophytes distinction and integrate the biomass estimation,



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